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§ 983.7 Uniform Relocation Act.

- (a) Relocation assistance for displaced person. (1) A displaced person must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201–4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.
- (2) The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, or with local public funds, or with funds available from other sources. Relocation costs may not be paid from voucher program funds; however, provided payment of relocation benefits is consistent with state and local law, PHAs may use their administrative fee reserve to pay for relocation assistance after all other program administrative expenses are satisfied. Use of the administrative fee reserve in this manner must be consistent with legal and regulatory requirements, including the requirements of 24 CFR 982.155 and other official HUD issuances.
- (b) Real property acquisition requirements. The acquisition of real property for a PBV project is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.
- (c) Responsibility of PHA. The PHA must require the owner to comply with the URA and 49 CFR part 24.
- (d) Definition of initiation of negotiations. In computing a replacement housing payment to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of privately undertaken rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term "initiation of negotiations" means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the PHA.

§ 983.8 Equal opportunity requirements.

- (a) The PBV program requires compliance with all equal opportunity requirements under federal law and regulation, including the authorities cited at 24 CFR 5.105(a).
- (b) The PHA must comply with the PHA Plan civil rights and affirmatively furthering fair housing certification submitted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 903.7(o).

§ 983.9 Special housing types.

- (a) Applicability. (1) For applicability of rules on special housing types at 24 CFR part 982, subpart M, see §983.2.
- (2) In the PBV program, the PHA may not provide assistance for shared housing, manufactured home space rental, or the homeownership option.
- (b) *Group homes*. A group home may include one or more group home units. A separate lease is executed for each elderly person or person with disabilities who resides in a group home.
- (c) Cooperative housing. (1) Applicability of part 983. Except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, assistance under this housing type is subject to the regulations of part 983, except the following sections of part 983, subpart F: §§983.256(b) and (c), 983.258 and 983.259 do not apply.
- (2) Applicability of part 982. (i) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is also subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(5), (d), and (e).
- (ii) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is not subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(a), (b)(1), (b)(4), and (c).
- (3) Assistance in cooperative housing. Rental assistance for PBV cooperative housing where families lease cooperative housing units from cooperative members is not a special housing type and all requirements of 24 CFR 983 apply.
- (4) Rent to owner. The regulations of 24 CFR part 983, subpart G, apply to PBV housing under paragraph (c) of this section. The reasonable rent for a cooperative unit is determined in accordance with §983.303. For cooperative housing, the rent to owner is the monthly carrying charge under the occupancy agreement/lease between the member and the cooperative.
- (5) Other fees and charges. Fees such as application fees, credit report fees, and transfer fees shall not be included in the rent to owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.10 Project-based certificate (PBC) program.

(a) What is it? "PBC program" means project-based assistance attached to

units pursuant to an Agreement executed by a PHA and owner before January 16, 2001, and in accordance with:

- (1) The regulations for the PBC program at 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001 and contained in 24 CFR part 983 revised as of April 1, 2002; and
- (2) Section 8(d)(2) of the 1937 Act, as in effect before October 21, 1998 (the date of enactment of Title V of Public Law 105–276, the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, codified at 42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.).
- (b) What rules apply? Units under the PBC program are subject to the provisions of 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001, with the following exceptions:
- (1) PBC renewals. (i) General. Consistent with the PBC HAP contract, at the sole option of the PHA, HAP contracts may be renewed for terms for an aggregate total (including the initial and any renewal terms) of 15 years, subject to the availability of appropriated funds.
- (ii) Renewal of PBC as PBV. At the sole discretion of the PHA, upon the request of an owner, PHAs may renew a PBC HAP contract as a PBV HAP contract. All PBV regulations (including 24 CFR part 983, subpart G—Rent to Owner) apply to a PBC HAP contract renewed as a PBV HAP contract with the exception of §§983.51, 983.56, and 983.57(b)(1). In addition, the following conditions apply:
- (A) The term of the HAP contract for PBC contracts renewed as PBV contracts shall be consistent with §983.205.
- (B) A PHA must make the determination, within one year before expiration of a PBC HAP contract, that renewal of the contract under the PBV program is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families.
- (C) The renewal of PBC assistance as PBV assistance is effectuated by the execution of a PBV HAP contract addendum as prescribed by HUD and a PBV HAP contract for existing housing.
- (2) Housing quality standards. The regulations in 24 CFR 982.401 (housing quality standards) (HQS) apply to units assisted under the PBC program.
- (i) Special housing types. HQS requirements for eligible special housing

types, under this program, apply (See 24 CFR 982.605. 982.609 and 982.614).

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- (ii) Lead-based paint requirements. (A) The lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR 982.401(j) do not apply to the PBC program.
- (B) The Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821–4846), the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851–4856), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R, apply to the PBV program.
- (iii) HQS enforcement. The regulations in 24 CFR parts 982 and 983 do not create any right of the family or any party, other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA for damages, injunction, or other relief for alleged failure to enforce the HQS.
- (c) Statutory notice requirements. In addition to provisions of 24 CFR part 983 codified as of May 1, 2001, §983.206 applies to the PBC program.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

Subpart B—Selection of PBV Owner Proposals

§ 983.51 Owner proposal selection procedures.

- (a) Procedures for selecting PBV proposals. The PHA administrative plan must describe the procedures for owner submission of PBV proposals and for PHA selection of PBV proposals. Before selecting a PBV proposal, the PHA must determine that the PBV proposal complies with HUD program regulations and requirements, including a determination that the property is eligible housing (§§ 983.53 and 983.54), complies with the cap on the number of PBV units per project (§983.56), and meets the site selection standards (§983.57).
- (b) Selection of PBV proposals. The PHA must select PBV proposals in accordance with the selection procedures in the PHA administrative plan. The PHA must select PBV proposals by either of the following two methods.
- (1) PHA request for PBV Proposals. The PHA may not limit proposals to a single site or impose restrictions that explicitly or practically preclude